



Dr. Ambedkar College

Deeksha Bhoomi, Nagpur



RE-ACCREDITED WITH 'A+' GRADE BY NAAC CGPA: 3.35
RECOGNIZED AS COLLEGE WITH POTENTIAL FOR EXCELLENCE BY UGC

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS

Report on "Constitution Pride Festival"

Date: - February-2025

Number of students:12

NOTICE

डॉ. आंबेडकर महाविद्यालय
दीक्षाभूमी, नागपूर -१०

दिनांक : १२-०२-२०२५

सूचना

वरिष्ठ महाविद्यालयातील सर्व प्राध्यापकांना सूचित करण्यात येते कि सहसंचालक उच्च शिक्षण नागपूर विभाग यांचेकडून सोबत जोडलेल्या पत्राचे अवलोकन करून 'भारतीय राज्यघटनेच्या ७५ वर्षापूर्तीनिमित्त-संविधान गौरव महोत्सव' अंतर्गत आपल्या विद्याशाखेत/ वर्गात फेब्रुवारी २०२५ या संपूर्ण महिनाभर विविध कार्यक्रमांचे (पत्रात जोडलेल्या यादीनुसार) आयोजन करावे. कार्यक्रमांचे अहवाल, कार्यक्रमाची नोटीस, छायाचित्रे (GEOTAGGED), प्राध्यापक आणि विद्यार्थ्यांची उपस्थिती यासहीत principal.dacn.edu@gmail.com या मेलवर पीडीएफ पाठवावे.

(डॉ. सौ . दीपा पान्हेकर)
कार्यकारी प्राचार्या

Dr. Ambedkar College, Deekshabhoomi, Nagpur

Department Of Electronics

Report on “Poster & Essay Competition Activity” on

“Constitution of India under the 75th Anniversary of the Constitution of India-Constitution of Gaurav Mahotsav”

Date: 27th Feb 2025

Time: 11.00 am to 2.00 pm

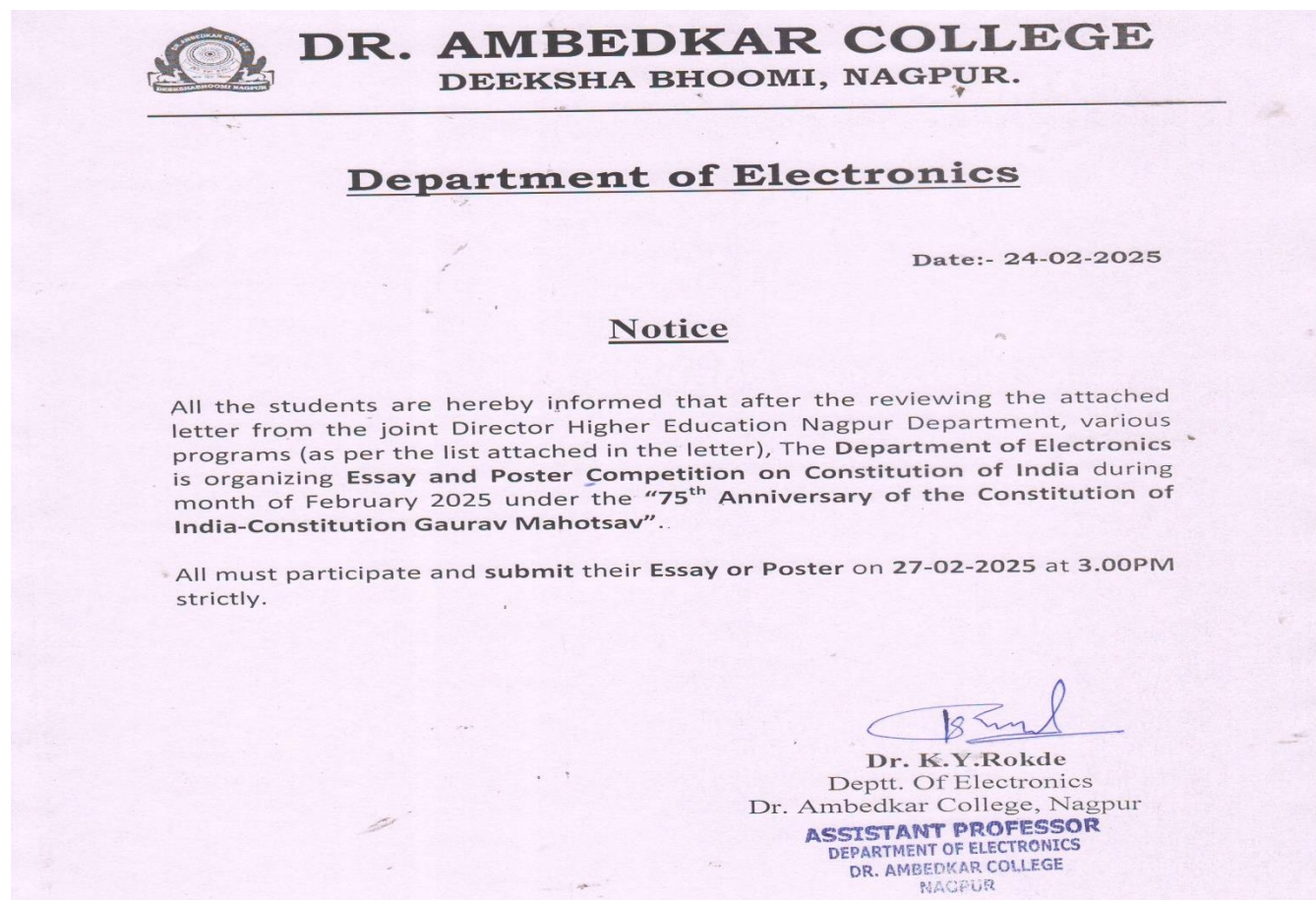
Event conducted by: Department of Electronics, Dr Ambedkar College, Deekshabhoomi, Nagpur.

Faculties:

1. Dr. K.Y.Rokde, Assistant Professor [CHB]

Non-Teaching Staff:

2. Mr. Atul Bahadure



About Poster & Essay Competition:

The Electronics Department organized a **Poster & Essay Competition** on “**Constitution of India**” on date **27th Feb 2025** under the “**75th Anniversary of the Constitution of India-Constitution Gaurav Mahotsav**” to encourage creativity and innovation among students. The competition was organized to enhance students’ understanding and appreciation of the Constitution of India. Through creative expression in both visual (poster) and written (essay) formats, the event aimed to engage college students in exploring the significance, history, and values enshrined in the Constitution. The initiative was part of a broader effort to foster civic awareness and critical thinking among the youth.

Objectives:

1. **Educational Enrichment:** To deepen knowledge of the Constitution of India and its relevance in contemporary society.
2. **Creative Expression:** To provide a platform for students to express their interpretations and insights through art and writing.
3. **Engagement:** To encourage active participation and discussions on constitutional values among college students.
4. **Recognition:** To recognize and reward creative talent and critical thinking.

Event Overview:

- The competition was conducted in Deptt. Of Electronics Labortary, with enthusiastic participation from students of B.Sc Electronics. The theme of the competition was “**Constitution of India**”, and participants were required to prepare posters & Essay based on their interpretations of the topic.
- Students were given 3 Hours to create their posters and Essay writing, followed by a brief presentation explaining their concepts. A panel of esteemed judge with including faculty members evaluated the posters & Essay based on creativity, content, presentation, and relevance to the theme.
- The program was successfully conducted under the able guidance of the **Principal, Prof. Dr. Deepa Panhekar**, who played a pivotal role in its organization.
- The numbers of 12 Students were participated in poster & Essay competition.

Conclusion:

The Poster and Essay Competition successfully met its objectives by fostering a deeper understanding of the Constitution of India while promoting creativity and critical thinking among college students. The high level of participation and quality of submissions underscored the students’ engagement and interest in constitutional values. Future iterations of the competition will aim to build on this success by addressing the challenges encountered and incorporating additional interactive elements. The program’s success was largely due to the enthusiastic participation of the students and faculty, supported by the guidance of the Principal, **Dr. Deepa Panhekar madam**.

Date: 27/02/2025

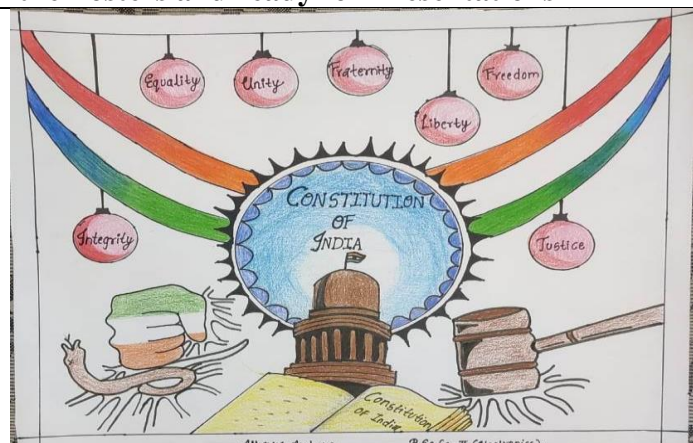
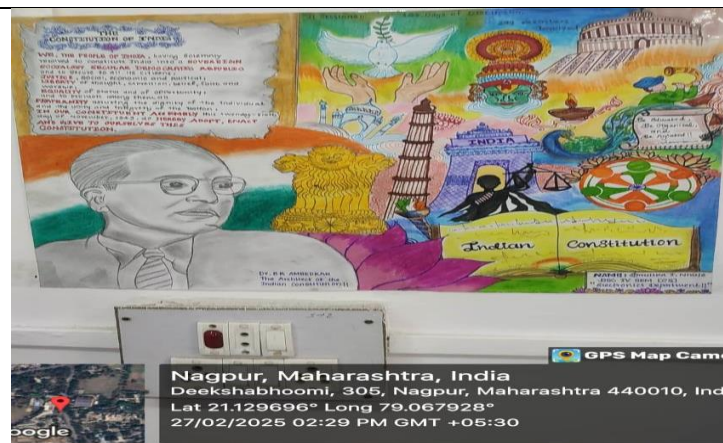
ASSISTANT PROFESSOR
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS
DR. AMBEDKAR COLLEGE



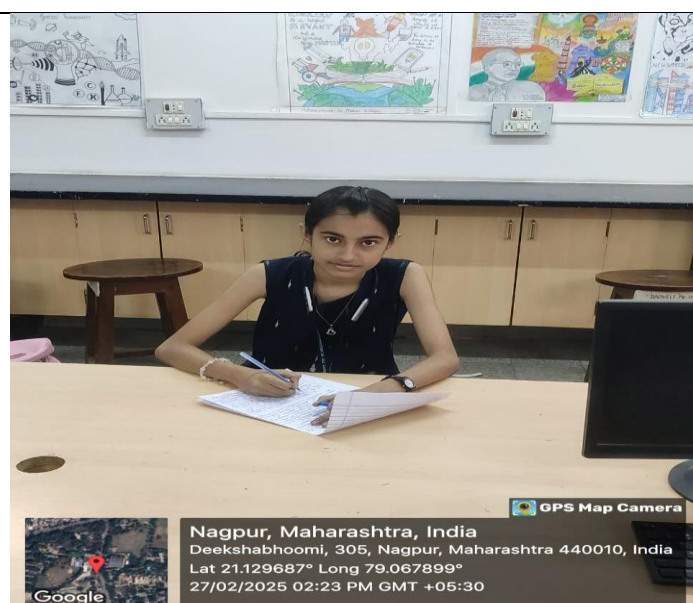
Mr. Pranay Bansod presenting the poster



Ku. Shrutika Nimje Students of Sem-IV displayed the Posters and ready for Presentations



Students Writing Essay on Constitution of India topic



Ku. Kasturi Dalvi writing Essay on Constitution of India topic

Name: → Ketaki Wankhede

Class: → B.Sc 1st (NEP)

Computer - Science

Department

Topic: → Constitution
of India

THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

75th ANNIVERSARY

75th Anniversary of the constitution of India:
Constitution Gaurav mahotsav.

The constitution of India is the supreme law of the country, embodying the ideals of justice, liberty, equality, and fraternity. As India celebrates the 75th anniversary of its constitution, the nation embarks on a grand celebration called "Constitution Gaurav mahotsav" to honor this historic document and its profound impact on the country's governance and democratic ethos.

This essay explores the significance of the 75th anniversary of the Indian Constitution, the objectives of the Constitution Gaurav mahotsav, and its role in fostering constitutional awareness among citizens.

Essay

PAGE

Name :- Kasturi. V. Dalvi
Major Subject :- Electronics

BSC 1st year
Sem-II

Constitution of India.

The Constitution of India is the supreme law of India and it holds the highest judicial importance in India. The Indian Constitution is the back-bone of the country which has kept the country together. The Constitution of India was adopted on November 26, 1949 and came into effect on January 26, 1950. It is the world's longest written constitution. It has a preamble 470 articles, 12 schedules and 5 appendices. The Constitution promotes justice, liberty and equality. It also promotes social and economic democracy. It establishes a federal system of government. It separates power between the legislature, executive and judiciary.

Dr. Bhimrao Ambedkar is known as the Father of the Indian Constitution. The Constitution of India is more than just a legal document; it is the backbone of the country's governance and democratic ideals. It protects the rights of citizens such as freedom of speech and protection from discrimination. It guides the government in promoting social and economic welfare. After India gained independence from

Essay Competition

The Constitution Of India

The constitution of India, adopted on January 26, 1950, is the supreme law of the country, providing the framework for political principles, government structure and fundamental rights of citizens.

It is the longest written constitution of any country in the world and is a remarkable document that reflects the vision of India's founding leaders. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar, known as the principal architect of the constitution played a significant role in drafting this comprehensive document.

The constitution of India consists of 448 Articles, organized into 25 parts, along with 12 schedules, which lay down the framework for governance and law. It originally had 395 articles and 8 schedules, but over time, several amendments have been made to address the evolving needs of the country. The constitution is structured to define the relationship between the union and the states and the framework for the legislature, executive, and judiciary.

The government structure established by the constitution is federal with a clear division of powers between the union and the states. It also provides for a parliamentary

Constitution of India.

The constitution of India is the supreme law of the country, which lays down the framework for governance, rights and duties of citizens, and the functioning of government institutions. Adopted on 26th November 1949 and came into effect on 26th January 1950, it marks the beginning of India's transformation into a democratic republic. The constitution of India is a monumental document that serves as the backbone of India's democracy, reflecting the values and aspirations of the people.

✦ Historical background.

India's struggle for independence was long and arduous, lasting over two centuries. During this period, the demand for a democratic and just society was a major objective. The Indian National Congress, under the leadership of figures like Mahatma Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru, and Sardar Patel, advocated for self-rule. After India gained independence from British colonial.

Name: Sanchita Bhagat -

class: B.Sc Sem II (cs)

Sub: OE (Electronics)

Page No.:

Date: / /

75th Anniversary of Indian Constitution

India celebrates Constitution Day, also known as National Law Day, on November 26th every year. This day marks the adoption of the Indian Constitution in 1949, which came into effect on January 26, 1950. The year 2024 marks the 75th Constitution Day, making it a significant milestone in India's democratic journey.

The Constitution of India is the supreme law of the country, laying the foundation for justice, liberty, equality and fraternity. It was drafted by the Constituent Assembly, chaired by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, and is one of the most detailed and longest written constitutions in the world. Constitution Day serves as a reminder of the values and principles enshrined in this sacred document.

On December 9, 1946, the Constitution Assembly held its first session. After nearly three years of deliberation, the final draft was adopted on November 26, 1949. It officially came into force on January 26, 1950, celebrated as Republic Day. Why the 75th Constitution day is special? The 75th Constitution Day in 2025.

75th Anniversary of the Indian Constitution :

e : Tamanna Sanap

: B.Sc Sem II (CS)

ect : OE (Electronics)

Constitution Gaurav Mahotsav

The year 2025 marks the 75th Anniversary of the adoption of the adoption of the Indian Constitution, a momentous occasion that calls for nationwide celebrations under the banner of "Constitution Gaurav Mahotsav." This event is a tribute to India's democratic spirit, the visionary leadership of its framers, and the values enshrined in the Constitution.

The Indian constitution was adopted on November 26, 1949, and came into effect on January 26, 1950, making India a Sovereign, Socialist, secular & democratic Republic. Dr. B.R Ambedkar, the chief architect of the Constitution, along with the Constituent Assembly, ensured that it upholds justice, liberty, equality, and fraternity.

The Constitution Gaurav Mahotsav aims to :

Celebrate India's Democratic legacy - Recognizing 75 years of constitutional governance. Spread Awareness - Educating citizens about fundamental rights, duties, and the Preamble. Honor the Constitution Makers - Remembering the efforts of Dr. B.R. Ambedkar, Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Patel, and others. Promote Civic Responsibility - Encouraging active participation in democracy.

Activities and Celebrations

Seminars and Conferences - Discussions on constitutional values,